mulated any new policy for the modernisation of the textile industry; and

(b) if so, what are the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF TEXTILES (SHRI RAM NIWAS MIRDHA): (a) No. Sir.

(b) Does not arise, in view of (a) above.

Killings by Terrorists in Delhi

*32. SHRI PARVATHANENI UPENDRA: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Government had been warned by the Indian High Commission in Canada five days in advance of the danger that Sikh terrorists might attack a residential area in Delhi and organise a bombing and shooting incident on the eve of elections in Haryana;

(b) if so, what action was taken in the matter so that the killings by Sikh terrorists in Delhi on June 13, 1987 could be prevented; and

(c) what are the reasons for not taking the warning seriously and undertaking urgent security measures to prevent the killings?

THE MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI BUTA SINGH): (a) to (c) The coded message from the Indian High Commission in Canada was received by the Ministry of External Affairs in Delhi on 12th June, 1987. The message did not contain any specific information but only conveyed general information to the effect that some rumours had been heard in a Gurdwara in Canada that Sikh extremis's would try to create disturbances in Haryana and Delhi prior to and during the elections by blasting a number of bombs.

In any case, it had been anticipated that the extremists might create disturbances in Delhi and an Alert already existed since the beginning of June, 1987.

Attack on the Indian Consulate in Karachi

*33. SHRI RAM AWADESH SINGH:

SHRI RAM NARESH KUSHAWAHA:

Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that a highly explosive device was thrown at the Indian Consulate in Karachi sometime in May, 1987;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof stating the damage, if any, caused thereby to the Indian Consulate; and

(c) what is Government's reaction thereto?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI K. NATWAR SINGH): (a) and (b) An explosive device was thrown at the Consulate General of India in Karachi in the early hours of May 27, 1987. While there were no casualties, the roof of the waiting area for visa applicants was damaged.

(c) Government considers it to be the responsibility of the Government of Pakistan to provide full protection to our Missions located in Pakistan.

The attack on the Consulate General of India in Karachi was taken up with the Government of Pakistan which expressed deep regret at the incident, ordered a detailed investigation and assured full protection for the safety and welfare of our officials.

Unemployed Youth

*34. SHRI NARESH C. PUGLIA: Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state:

(a) what is the number of unemployed youth at present in the country, State-wise;

(b) what is the number of youth who were provided jobs through Employment Exchanges during the last three years, Statewise;

(c) whether Government propose to introduce Self-Employment Cells in the Employment Exchanges to encourage educated youth to take up self-employment instead of looking for jobs in the organised sector; and

(d) if so, what are the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR (SHRI P.A. SANGMA): (a) According to the 7th Plan Document, the usual status unemployment rates by residence, sex and age group as revealed by the 38th Round of the NSS were 3.04 per cent for all ages, i.e., from the age of 5 upwards. There are no separate figures maintained for unemployed youth at present, but the backlog of unemployment at the outset of the 7th Plan has been estimated at 9.2 million for the age group 5-plus.

(b) to (d) A statement is laid on the Table of the House.

(b) The number of job seekers on the live registers of Employment Exchanges, and of those placed through Employment Exchanges, Statewise, during the years 1984, 1985 and 1986 is given in the enclosed statement I and II respectively.

(c) and (d) Under a Centrally sponsored scheme, Self-Employment Cells have been set up so far in 28 Employment Exchanges. The main functions of these Cells are to:

(i) Create awareness among job seekers;

(ii) motivate them to take up self employment and

(iii) assist them in obtaining necessary inputs required for setting up self employment ventures from different sources.

Statement-I

Number of job seekers on the Live Registers of Employment Exchanges as on 30-4-1987 in different States/Union Territories

(Figure in Thousands)

Sl. No.	State/Union Territory	Live Register as on 30-4-1987
1	Andhra Pradesh	2546.1
2	Arunachal Pradesh*	..
3	Assam	825.1
4	Bihar	2949.9
5	Gujarat	831.7
6	Haryana	488.1
7	Himachal Pradesh	353.2
8	Jammu and Kashmir	122.0
9	Karnataka	1066.0
0	Kerala	2742.9
1	Madhya Pradesh	1789.9

Sl. No.	State/Union Territory	Live Register as on 30-4-1987
12	Maharashtra	2845.4
13	Manipur	263.0
14	Meghalaya	23.7
15	Mizoram	31.8
16	Nagaland	20.7
17	Orissa	858.1
18	Punjab	612.1
19	Rajasthan	832.4
20	Sikkim*	%
21	Tamilnadu	2459.9
22	Tripura	113.7
23	Uttar Pradesh	3226.8
24	West Bengal	4343.6
25	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	14.1
26	Chandigarh	140.0
27	Dadra & Nagar Haveli**	——
28	Delhi	698.6
29	Goa	70.0
30	Lakshadweep	6.6
31	Pondicherry	85.6
32	Daman & Diu	——
	ALL INDIA TOTAL	30360.9

NOTE :— 1. *No Employment Exchange is functioning in these States.

2. **One Employment Exchange is functioning in this Union Territory but da are not being received.

3. Figure may not add upto total due to rounding off.

4. All the job seekers on the live register of Empolyment Exchanges are not neces. rily unemployed.

Statement-II

Number of job-seekers placed through Employment Exchanges during the years 1984, 1985&1986.

(Figure in thousand)

Sl. No.	States/Union Territories	Number of placements effected during 1984	1985	1986
1	Andhra Pradesh	29.8	19.2	19.8
2	Arunachal Pradesh	——	——	——
3	Assam	6.6	7.3	5.2
4	Bihar	5.9	11.2	22.7
5	Gujarat	20.5	13.0	12.9
6	Haryana	20.3	17.3	14.7
7	Himachal Pradesh	5.8	6.7	7.0
8	Jammu & Kashmir	2.6	1.3	1.9
9	Karnataka	13.8	14.8	9.3
10	Kerala	11.3	13.7	15.3
11	Madhya Pradesh	45.3	37.2	23.3
12	Maharashtra	39.4	42.9	38.1
13	Manipur	0.6	0.3	0.9
14	Meghalaya	0.4	0.2	0.2
15	Mizoram	0.4	0.3	0.6
16	Nagaland	0.2	0.3	0.4
17	Orissa	13.7	14.0	15.4
18	Punjab	11.4	8.1	7.3
19	Rajasthan	18.5	24.3	17.4
20	Sikkim*	——	—	—
21	Tamilnadu	60.5	52.6	50.9
22	Tripura	0.9	1.1	2.0
23	Uttar Pradesh	31.6	30.2	31.8
24	West Bengal	10.1	13.1	9.4
25	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	0.5	0.5	0.4
26	Chandigarh	2.4	1.7	1.7
27	Dadra & Nagar Heveli**	—	—	—
28	Delhi	53.0	56.0	41.5
29	Goa	1.3	0.9	0.7
30	Lakshadweep	0.1	@	@
31	Pondicherry	0.6	0.3	0.4
32	Daman & Diu	—	—	—
	ALL INDIA TOTAL	407.3	388.5	351.3

NOTE :— 1. *No Employment Exchange is functioning in these States.

2. **One Employment Exchange is functioning in this Union Territory but data are not being received.

3. @Figures less than 50

4. Figures may not add upto total due to rounding off.